SYLLABUS

OF

B. TECH

OF

II YEAR

B. TECH. (CBCS)

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

INTEGRAL UNIVERSITY LUCKNOW

SYLLABUS AND EVALUATION SCHEME

Branch: Civil Engineering (w.e.f. 2020-21)

Year – II, Semester – III

S. No.	Course Category	Code No	Name of Subject	Periods			Credits	Evaluation Scheme				Subject Total
								Sessional Exam			Exam	
				L	T	P	C	CT	TA	Total	ESE	
1	BS	MT201	Engineering Mathematics-III	3	1	-	4	40	20	60	40	100
2	DC	CE201	Fluid Mechanics	3	1	-	4	40	20	60	40	100
3	DC	CE202	Basic Surveying	3	1	-	4	40	20	60	40	100
4	DC	CE203	Building Material and Construction	3	1	-	4	40	20	60	40	100
5	DC	CE204	Strength of Material	3	1	-	4	40	20	60	40	100
6	ESA	CS203/ES202	Cyber Law & Information Security / Disaster Management	2	1	-	3	40	20	60	40	100
7	HM	BM226	Human Value & Professional Ethics	3	0	-	0	-	-	-	50	50
PRACTICAL / DRAWING / DESIGN												
8	DC	CE205	Fluid Mechanics Lab	0	0	2	1	40	20	60	40	100
9	DC	CE206	Basic Surveying Field Work	0	0	2	1	40	20	60	40	100
10	DC	CE207	Building Planning & Drawing	0	0	2	1	40	20	60	40	100
11	DC	CE208	Material Testing Lab	0	0	2	1	40	20	60	40	100
Total				**20**	**6**	**8**	**27**					**1000**

L – Lecture; **T –** Tutorial; **P –** Practical; **C** – Credits; **CT** – Class Test; **TA** – Teacher Assessment
Sessional Total (CA) = Class Test + Teacher Assessment

Subject Total = Sessional Total (CA) + End Semester Examination (ESE)

BS – Basic Sciences
HM – Humanities
DE – Departmental Elective
DC – Departmental Core
OE – Open Elective
ESA – Engineering Science & Art (Foundation Course & Engineering Courses)

SYLLABUS AND EVALUATION SCHEME

Branch: Civil Engineering (w.e.f. 2020-21)

Year – II, Semester – IV

S. No.	Course Category	Code No	Name of Subject	Periods			Credits	Evaluation Scheme				Subject Total
								Sessional Exam			Exam	
				L	T	P	C	CT	TA	Total	ESE	
THEORY SUBJECT												
1	ESA	MT205	Computer Based Numerical Techniques	3	1	-	4	40	20	60	40	100
2	DC	CE209	Hydraulic & Hydraulic Machines	3	1	-	4	40	20	60	40	100
3	DC	CE210	Advance Surveying	3	1	-	4	40	20	60	40	100
4	DC	CE211	Concrete Technology	3	1	-	4	40	20	60	40	100
5	DC	CE212	Structure Analysis-I	3	1	-	4	40	20	60	40	100
6	ESA	CS203/ES202	Cyber Law & Information Security / Disaster Management	2	1	-	3	40	20	60	40	100
7	HM	BM226	Human Value & Professional Ethics	3	0	-	0	-	-	-	50	50
PRACTICAL / DRAWING / DESIGN												
8	DC	MT209	Numerical Techniques Lab	0	0	2	1	40	20	60	40	100
9	DC	CE213	Hydraulic & Hydraulic Machines Lab	0	0	2	1	40	20	60	40	100
10	DC	CE214	Advance Surveying Field Work	0	0	2	1	40	20	60	40	100
11	DC	CE215	Concrete Technology Lab	0	0	2	1	40	20	60	40	100
Total				**20**	**6**	**8**	**27**					**1000**

L – Lecture; **T –** Tutorial; **P –** Practical; **C** – Credits; **CT** – Class Test; **TA** – Teacher Assessment
Sessional Total (CA) = Class Test + Teacher Assessment

Subject Total = Sessional Total (CA) + End Semester Examination (ESE)

BS – Basic Sciences
HM – Humanities
DE – Departmental Elective
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OE – Open Elective
ESA – Engineering Science & Art (Foundation Course & Engineering Courses)

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2015-16							
Course Code	CE201	**Title of the Course**	Fluid Mechanics	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	3rd	**3**	**1**	**0**	**4**
Pre-Requisite	NIL	**Co-requisite**	NIL				
Course Objectives	The main objective of this course is to understand the basics of the fluid mechanics such as fluid and flow properties, fluid behavior at rest and in motion and fundamental equations like mass, energy and momentum conservation of the fluid flow.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Students are able to understand basic concept of properties of fluid and its properties.
CO2	Students are able to understand the Kinematics and Dynamics of Fluid and its application.
CO3	To understand the concept of fluid measurement, types of flows and dimensional analysis.
CO4	To determine the losses in a flow system, flow through pipes, boundary layer flow and flow past immersed bodies.
CO5	Students are able to understand the concept of turbulent flow in in pipe and its nature.

Unit No.	**Title of the Unit**	**Content of Unit**	**Contact Hrs.**	**Mapped CO**
1	Introduction & Fluid Statics	**Introduction:** Fluid Statics Fluid and continuum, physical properties of fluids, ideal and real fluids, Newtonian and Non-Newtonian fluids, measurement of surface tension. **Fluid Statics:** Pressure-density-height relationship, measurement of pressure, manometers, pressure on plane and curved surfaces, centre of pressure, buoyancy, stability of immersed and floating bodies, fluid masses subjected to uniform acceleration.	**8**	CO1
2	Kinematics & Dynamics of Fluid Flow	**Kinematics of Fluid Flow:** Steady and unsteady, uniform and non-uniform, laminar and turbulent flows, one, two and three dimensional flows, streamlines, streak lines, and path lines, continuity equation, rotation and circulation, elementary explanation of stream function and velocity potential, graphical and experimental methods of drawing flow nets. **Dynamics of Fluid Mechanics:** Euler's equation of motion along a streamline, Bernoulli's equation from Euler's equation. Application of Bernoulli's equation- Pitot Tube, flow through orifice, mouthpieces, nozzles, notches, weirs, Venturimeter, Orifice meter, sluice gates under free and submerged flow conditions. Aeration of nape, cavitations, free and forced vortex, momentum equation and its application to stationary and moving vanes, pipe bends, and problems related to combined application of energy and momentum equations, flow measurements, determination of C_v, C_c and C_d, energy loss.	**8**	CO2
3	Dimensional Analysis & Laminar Flow	**Dimensional Analysis and Hydraulic Similitude:** Dimensional analysis, Buckingham's π theorem, important dimensional numbers and their significance, similitude, similarity laws, geometric, Kinematics and dynamic similarity, model studies. **Laminar Flow:** Equation of motion for laminar flow through pipes, Stoke's Law, flow between parallel plates, flow through porous media, Fluidization, measurement of viscosity	**8**	CO3
4	Turbulent Flow & Boundary Layer Analysis	**Turbulent Flow:** Transition from laminar to turbulent flow, equation for turbulent flow, eddy viscosity, mixing length concept and velocity distribution in turbulent flow, Hot-wire anemometer and LDA. **Boundary Layer Analysis:** Boundary layer thicknesses, boundary layer over a flat plate, laminar boundary layer, application of momentum integral equation, turbulent boundary layer, laminar sub-layer, smooth and rough boundaries, atmospheric boundary layer, local and average friction coefficient, separation of boundary layer and its control, measurement of shear.	**8**	CO4
5	Flow Past Submerged Bodies & Pipe Flow	**Flow Past Submerged Bodies:** Drag and lift, drag on sphere, Cylinder and disc, lift, Magnus effect and circulation. **Pipe Flow:** Nature of turbulent flow in pipes, equation for velocity distribution over smooth and rough surfaces, resistance coefficient and its variation, flow in sudden expansion, contraction, diffusers, bends, valves and siphons, concept of equivalent length, branched pipes, pipes in series and parallel, simple networks. **Compressibility Effects in Pipe Flow:** Transmission of pressure waves in rigid and elastic pipes; Water hammer, analysis of simple surge tank excluding friction.	**8**	CO5

Reference Books:

Grade,R.J and A.G Mirajgaoker, 'Engineering Fluid Mechanics (including Hydraulic Machines), Second Edition, Nem Chand and Bros., Roorkee, 1983

R. K. Bansal, 'Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines' , Laxmi Publication, New Delhi 2007

R.K. Rajput, 'Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines', S.Chand Publication, New Delhi 2002

Hunter Rouse," Elementary Mechanics of Fluid", John Wiley & Sons. Omc/.1946.

Grade, R.J 'Fluid Mechanics through Problems.', Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, 1989
e-Learning Source:
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105103095/7
https://nptel.ac.in/downloads/103104043/
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105171/8
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105183/

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	3
CO2	3	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO4	2	0	2	1	2	2	0	0	1	0	2	1	2	2
CO5	3	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2019-20							
Course Code	CE202	**Title of the Course**	Basic Surveying	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	3rd	**3**	**1**	**0**	**4**
Pre-Requisite	NIL	**Co-requisite**	NIL				
Course Objectives	• To learn the different techniques of measurements of distances, directions and elevations by means of advanced surveying instruments. • To learn about the process of establishment of horizontal control points necessary for carrying out survey of the area. • To learn about the procedures of preparations of topographical maps of the areas.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	The students have the ability to understand the measurement techniques and equipment used in land surveying.
CO2	The students have the ability to take angular measurement from compass and correct them from different errors.
CO3	The students have an ability to calculate the linear measurement and area of the land.
CO4	The students will Gain the ability to measure differences in elevation
CO5	The students will be able to represent the topography of the land graphically.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	**Introduction to Basic Surveying**	**Introduction:** Importance of surveying to Engineers- Examples from different branches; plane and Geodetic Surveying, Control points, Classification of surveys, Methods of location a point, , principles of surveying, Conventional signs, Surveying instruments, their care and adjustment. **Measurement of Distances:** Measurement by chain and tape. Source of errors and precautions, Corrections to tape measurements, Field problems, Use and adjustment of auxiliary instruments, Modern trends EDM and Total Station	8	1
2	**Measurement of Angles and Bearings**	**Measurement of Angles and Directions:** Reference meridians and Bearings, Magnetic declination and its variations. Use of prismatic and surveyor compass, local attraction, Vernier and microptic theodolites, Temporary and permanent adjustments, Requirements of nonadjustable parts, Measurement of horizontal and vertical angles by different methods.	8	2
3	**Traversing and Tachometry**	**Measurement of Angles and Directions:** Reference meridians and Bearings, Magnetic declination and its variations. Use of prismatic and surveyor compass, local attraction, Vernier and microptic theodolites, Temporary and permanent adjustments, Requirements of nonadjustable parts, Measurement of horizontal and vertical angles by different methods.	8	3
4	**Levelling**	**Measurement of Elevations:** Different methods of determining elevations: Spirit, Trigonometric and Barometric methods, Spirit leveling- Definitions of terms, principle, Temporary and permanent adjustment of dumpy level. Sensitivity of bubble tube, Automatic levels, Levelling staff, Methods of spirit leveling Booking and reduction of fields notes , Curvature and refraction, Reciprocal leveling, plotting of profiles, Barometric leveling. Trigonometric leveling, sources of errors and precision of leveling procedures.	8	4
5	**Contouring and Sheet**	**Contouring:** Definition and characteristics of contours, contour interval, Use of contour maps, storage capacity of reservoir, direct and Indirect methods of contouring. **Sheet Numbering System**: CIM and I and A.C series, Scales and Numbering of Indian Topographic maps	8	5

Reference Books:

Agor, R, "Surveying", Vol. I & II, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 1995.

Arora, K, R., "Surveying ", Vol. I & II, Standard Book House, Delhi, 1993.

Bannister, A. and Baker, R., "Solving Problems in Surveying "Longman Scientific Technical, U.K., 1994.

Kennie, T.J.M. and Petrie, G., "Engineering Surveying Technology", Blackie & Sons Ltd., London, 1990.

e-Learning Source:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105107122/

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0
CO2	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0
CO3	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
CO4	2	2	1	1	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	1	0	0
CO5	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2020-21							
Course Code	CE203	**Title of the Course**	Building Material And Construction	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	3rd	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	------	**Co-requisite**	------				
Course Objectives	• To learn about the various building materials used. • To learn about various construction techniques. • To learn about a major problem with building i.e. Dampness (its causes, prevention) and Anti-Termite treatment. • To learn about the types of foundation used for building depending upon the ground situation. • To learn about various types of building components such as Stairs, windows, floors etc. • To learn about finishing works in building construction such as painting, pointing etc.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	To develop sound knowledge, understanding and awareness of various materials used in construction industry.
CO2	To learn and understand various construction techniques and get aware about different problems faced and their remedial measures.
CO3	To understand the types of amenities that are to be provided in a building during construction and their respective measures and applications.
CO4	To enable the students to learn about the various services treatments required for its safety.
CO5	To enable the students to learn about the various services required and its applications.

Unit No.	**Title of the Unit**	**Content of Unit**	**Contact Hrs.**	**Mapped CO**
1	Introduction to Building Materials	Building Materials: Classification, properties and selection criteria of Bricks, Stone, Lime, Timber, Mortar: Types, classification and strength, I.S. specifications.	8	CO1
2	Advance Building Materials used in Construction	Classification, properties and selection criteria Plywood, Glass, plastics, P.V.C. Steel, Aluminum, Gypsum, pozzolana, Asphalt, Bitumen and Tar, Metals, insulating material.	8	CO2
3	Building Bye Laws	Building Construction: Classification of buildings, Recommendations of NBC, Building byelaws, modular co-ordinations; orientation of buildings, desirable conditions of comforts, and components of building area considerations. Types of foundations and selection criteria, causes of unequal settlement.	8	CO3
4	Treatment in Construction	Prefabricated construction. Plastering and pointing, Damp Proofing Materials and techniques, Antitermite treatment. Types of floors, construction details and selection criteria, Types of Roofs and roof covering, treatment of water proofing, Doors and Windows: Sizes and locations, materials.	8	CO4
5	Building Services	Stair and Staircases; types, materials, proportions. Lifts and escalators, White washing, colour washing, painting, distempering. Shuttering, Scaffolding and centering, Expansion and Construction joints. Sound and fire proof construction, I.S. specifications.	8	CO5

Reference Books:

Jha. J. & Sinha S.K. ,"Building Construction", Khanna Publishers, Delhi,1977

Arora, S.P & Bindra S.P.," A Text Book of Building Construction", Dhanpat Rai & Sons., Delhi 1977.

Kulkarni, C.J, "A Text Book of Engineering Construction", Ahmedabad Book Depot, Ahmedabad, 1968.

Kumar Sushil, "Engineering Material", Standard Publishers Distributors, Delhi, 1944.

McKay W.B. ,"Building Construction", Vol. 1 to 4, Orient Longman Ltd., Hyderabad, Bombay, Madras, Delhi, Vol. 1 & 2-1955, Vol. 3-1996, Vol.4- 1998.

e-Learning Source:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102088/

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
CO2	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
CO3	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
CO4	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
CO5	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2019-20							
Course Code	CE204	**Title of the Course**	Strength of Materials	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	3rd	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	------	**Co-requisite**	------				
Course Objectives	• To understand the stress-strain developed in structural members including their materials properties. • To form bending moment equations, shear force equations and bending stress diagram for a determinant beams. • To familiarize with strain energy and the theories of failure. • To introduce methods in order to calculate the deflections and rotations of a determinant beams and buckling load of long columns. • To impart knowledge in order to access the stress and strain developed in cylindrical and spherical vessels.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	In-depth understanding of stress strain relationship and of various properties for different materials with ability to calculate stress- strain for different structural members subjected to given loading conditions.
CO2	Interpretation of bending moments, shear forces and bending stresses for determinant beams under different loading and support conditions. Be able to analyze the effects of torsion on shafts.
CO3	Insight of strain energy in a structural element subjected to various types of forces and understanding of different failure theories.
CO4	Ability to calculate the deflections and rotations of a beam under given loading and support conditions and be able to comprehend the buckling loads of a long column according to its support conditions.
CO5	Ability to analyze the stresses and strains associated with thin- thick wall cylindrical and spherical pressure vessels.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Stress - Strain	**Stress and Strain:** Concept of stress and strain relationship, Ductility, Toughness, Elastic constants, Hardness, Brittleness, Tension, Compression, Shear, and Elongation, Concept of thermal stresses [5] **Principal stresses:** Stress transformation, Application of Mohr's circle in stress analysis [3]	8	CO1
2	Bending & Torsion Theory	**Bending of Beams:** Review of bending of beams, shear forces & bending moment diagrams for statically Determinant Beams, Shearing and bending stresses in beam section. [5] **Torsion of Shafts:** Torsion of circular shaft, power transmitted by shaft, combined bending and torsion in shafts. [3]	8	CO2
3	Strain Energy and Theories of Failure	**Strain Energy and Impact Loading:** Concept of strain energy or resilience, Strain energy in simple tension and compression, Stress due to different types of loading. [4] **Theories of Failure:** Maximum principal stress theory, Maximum shear stress theory, Maximum principal strain theory, Strain energy theory, Shear strain energy theory and their comparison.[4]	8	CO3
4	Slope & Deflection and Compression Members	**Deflection of Beams:** Deflection of beams, Integration method, Macaulay's method, Area Moment method, Conjugate Beam method. [4] **Columns and Struts:** Theory of columns & struts, Elastic stability, End conditions, Effective length and Buckling load, Euler's and Rankine's formulae and their limitations.	8	CO4
5	Thin and Thick Cylinder	**Thin Cylinders:** Theory of thin cylinders subjected to pressure, expression for hoop stress and longitudinal stress, Design of thin cylinders, Thin walled pressure vessels and uniform torsion. [4] **Thick Cylinders and Spherical Shells:** Stresses and strain in thick shells/cylinder subjected to pressures, compound cylinders press fits on solid shaft.[4]	8	CO5

Reference Books:

Kazmi, S. M. A., 'Solid Mechanics' TMH, Delhi, India.

R. K. Rajput, 'Strength of Materials', S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.

Norris, C.H. and Wilber, J. B. 'Elementary Structural Analysis' McGraw Hill.

Timoshenko, S. and Young, D. H., 'Elements of Strength of Materials', New York.
Surendra Singh, 'Strength of Materials', Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
e-Learning Source:
https://nptel.ac.in/Aeronautical/Strength%20of%20Materials/course_strength%20of%20materials.pdf
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105105108/
https://nptel.ac.in/downloads/105105108/

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
CO2	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
CO3	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
CO4	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
CO5	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2015-16							
Course Code	CE205	**Title of the Course**	Fluid Mechanics Lab	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	3rd	**0**	**0**	**2**	**1**
Pre-Requisite	NIL	**Co-requisite**	NIL				
Course Objectives	The main objective of this lab course is to make the students in better understanding of fluid mechanics phenomena such as variation of velocity and pressure, measurement of flow rate by various devices such as orifice meter, weir etc.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Students are able to learn the concept of Buoyancy and Metacenter Height in a ship model
CO2	Students are able to learn the concept of Bernoulli's Theorem and its application.
CO3	Students are able to learn to find the discharge using Venturimeter and Orifice meter.
CO4	Students are able to learn to find the discharge using Orifice meter.
CO5	Students are able to learn to find the Coefficient of Discharge in rectangular and triangular notch.
CO6	Students are able to verify the Impulse Momentum equation experimentally
CO7	Students are able to plot flow pattern net using the Hele-shaw apparatus.
CO8	Students are able to study the variation of friction factor 'f', for turbulent flow in commercial pipes.

Unit No.	**Title of the Unit**	**Content of Unit**	**Contact Hrs.**	**Mapped CO**
1	Experiment-1	To determine experimentally the meta-centric height of a ship model.	2Hrs	1
2	Experiment-2	To verify the Bernoulli's equation experimentally.	2Hrs	2
3	Experiment-3	To verify the Impulse Momentum equation experimentally.	2Hrs	3
4	Experiment-4	To plot flow net using the Hele-shaw apparatus.	2Hrs	4
5	Experiment-5	To calibrate an orifice meter and study the variation of the coefficient of discharge with the Reynolds number.	2Hrs	5
6	Experiment-6	To calibrate an venturimeter and study the variation of the coefficient of discharge with the Reynolds number.	2Hrs	6
7	Experiment-7	To calibrate a given V-notch and Rectangular notch and determine the coefficient of discharge.	2Hrs	7
8	Experiment-8	To study the variation of friction factor 'f', for turbulent flow in commercial pipes.	2Hrs	8

Reference Books:

1. Lab Manual Provided by the Department.
2. Modi P.N. and Seth S.N., "Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics", Standard Book House, Delhi, India.
3. Shames, "Mechanics of Fluids", McGraw-Hill, Auckland, N. Land.
4. Garde R.J., "Fluid Mechanics" RPH, Roorkee, India. Additional Learning Source.

e-Learning Source:

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
CO2	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
CO3	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
CO4	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
CO5	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2

CO6	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
CO7	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
CO8	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2015-16							
Course Code	CE206	**Title of the Course**	Basic Survey Field Work	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	3rd	**0**	**0**	**2**	**1**
Pre-Requisite	NIL	**Co-requisite**	NIL				
Course Objectives	• To apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering to understand the measurement techniques and equipment used in land surveying. • To use techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice. • To use techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice. • To function as a member of a team.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Students are able to perform ranging and taking offset along a survey line.
CO2	Students are able to find out the reduced level of given points using Dumpy level by height of collimation method.
CO3	Students are familiar about Auto level and find out the reduced levels of given points by rise and fall method.
CO4	Students are able to perform fly leveling with a level.
CO5	Students are able to draw the longitudinal and cross sectional profiles along a given route.
CO6	Students are familiar about use of transit theodolite and total station.
CO7	Students are able to measure horizontal angle by Repetition method using transit theodolite.
CO8	Students are able to measure horizontal angle by reiteration method using transit theodolite
CO9	Students are able to determine the Tacheometric constants of a given Theodolite.
CO10	Students are able to to determine the bearing of a given traverse using prismatic compass and plotting of the traverse.
CO11	Students are able to determine the elevations of a given point.

Unit No.	**Content of Unit**	**Contact Hrs.**	**Mapped CO**
1	Ranging and taking offset along a survey line.	2	1
2	To find out the reduced level of given points using Dumpy level by height of collimation method.	2	2
3	Study of Auto level and find out the reduced levels of given points by rise and fall method.	2	3
4	To perform fly leveling with a level.	2	4
5	To draw the longitudinal and cross sectional profiles along a given route.	2	5
6	Study of transit theodolite and total station.	2	6
7	Measurement of horizontal angle by Repetition method using transit theodolite.	2	7
8	Measurement of horizontal angle by reiteration method using transit theodolite	2	8
9	Determination of the Tacheometric constants of a given Theodolite.	2	9
10	To determine the bearing of a given traverse using prismatic compass and plotting of the traverse.	2	10
11	Students are able to determination of the elevations of a given point.	2	11

Reference Books:
Lab Manual Provided by the Department.
Kanetkar, T. P., “Surveying and Levelling” Vol I and II, Pune Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan, Pune, India.
Punmia, B. C., “Surveying Vol I and II” Laxmi Publications, Delhi, India.
e-Learning Source:

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO / CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	3	3
CO2	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	3	3	3
CO3	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	3	3
CO4	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	3	3	3
CO5	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	3	3

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2019-20							
Course Code	CE207	**Title of the Course**	Building Planning And Engineering Drawing	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	3rd	0	0	2	1
Pre-Requisite	------	**Co-requisite**	------				
Course Objectives	• To enable the students how to read the drawings. • To impart the knowledge of draw the various elements of the building.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	To Enable the students to have a knowledge of Symbols to be used in Civil Engineering Drawing.
CO2	To learn how to draw Brick Masonry Bonds.
CO3	To learn how to draw Panelled Door (Plan, Section & Elevation).
CO4	To enable the student to draw Glazed Window (Plan, Section & Elevation).
CO5	To have a knowledge & draw the Staircase (Plan, Section & Elevation).
CO6	To enable to draw the Building Plan, Section & Elevation).
CO7	To enable to draw the Electrical Drawing of a Building.
CO8	To enable to draw the Plumbing and Sanitary Drawing of a Building.
CO9	To enable to draw the Plan for a residential building using Drawing Sheet along with AUTO CADD system.

Unit No.	**Content of Unit**	**Contact Hrs.**	**Mapped CO**
1	Symbols Used in Civil Engineering Drawing.	2	CO1
2	Brick Masonry Bonds.	2	CO2
3	Panelled Door (Plan, Section & Elevation).	2	CO3
4	Glazed Window (Plan, Section & Elevation).	2	CO4
5	Staircase (Plan, Section & Elevation).	2	CO5
6	Comprehensive Drawing of Building (Plan, Section & Elevation).	2	CO6
7	Electrical Drawing of a Building.	2	CO7
8	Plumbing and Sanitary Drawing of a Building.	2	CO8
9	Preparation of Plan for a residential building using Drawing Sheet along with AUTO CADD system.	2	CO9

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	2
CO2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	2
CO3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	2
CO4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	2
CO5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	2
CO6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	2
CO7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	2
CO8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	2
CO9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	2

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2015-16							
Course Code	CE208	**Title of the Course**	Material Testing Laboratory	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	3rd	0	0	2	1
Pre-Requisite	------	**Co-requisite**	------				
Course Objectives	• To understand the properties of constituents of building materials.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Able to evaluate the properties and quality of bricks.
CO2	Ability to test the properties of steel

S. No.	**Title of the Experiments**	**Content of Unit**	**Contact Hrs.**	**Mapped CO**
1	Brick Testing	Water absorption test Dimension tolerance Compressive strength Efflorescence Test	16	CO1
2	Steel Testing	Hardness test Impact Test Torsion test Tensile Strength test Double Shear test	16	CO2

References:

Lab Manual Provided by the Department.

Neville, A.M., "Properties of Concrete", Longman, India.

Jha. J. &Sinha S.K. ,"Building Construction", Khanna Publishers, Delhi.

Arora,S.P&Bindra S.P.," A text book of building Construction", DhanpatRai& Sons.,Delhi.

Singh Surendra,"Engineering Materials", Konark Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	0	0	0	3	3	1	0	3	3	3	0	3	2	2
CO2	0	0	0	3	3	1	0	3	3	3	0	3	2	2

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2015-16							
Course Code	CE209	**Title of the Course**	Hydraulic & Hydraulic Machines	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	4th	**3**	**1**	**0**	**4**
Pre-Requisite	CE201	**Co-requisite**	CE314				
Course Objectives	• Students are expected to realize the importance of Hydraulics & Hydraulic Machines and its application in the field of Civil Engineering						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Students will learn basic concept of open channel flow and its types.
CO2	Students will learn about different equation and their application related to non-uniform flow.
CO3	Students will learn about basic principle of Gradually Varied flow GVF and its applications.
CO4	Students will learn about the condition and criteria of flow through hydraulic jump.
CO5	Students will learn about the Hydraulic machines and there function, application.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction & Uniform Flow	**Introduction:** Difference between open channel flow and pipe flow, geometrical parameters of a channel, continuity equation. **Uniform Flow:** Chezy's and Manning's Equations for uniform flow in open channel, velocity distribution, most efficient channel section.	8	1
2	Energy and Momentum Principles	**Energy and Momentum Principles:** Critical depth, concept of specific energy and specific force, application of specific energy principle for interpretation of open channel phenomenon, flow through vertical and horizontal contractions	8	2
3	Non-uniform Flow in Open Channel	**Non-uniform flow in open channel:** Equation of gradually varied flow and its limitations, flow classification and surface profiles, integration of varied flow equation by analytical, graphical and numerical methods, flow in curved channel.	8	3
4	Hydraulic Jump & Hydraulic Pumps	**Hydraulic Jump,** Surges, Water Waves: Classical hydraulic Jump, evaluation of the jump elements in rectangular and non-rectangular channels on horizontal and sloping beds, equation of motion for unsteady flow, open channel surge, celerity of the gravity wave, deep and shallow water waves. **Hydraulic Pumps:** Rotodymanic pumps, basic equations, axial and mixed flow pumps, cavitation in pumps, characteristic curves.	8	4
5	Hydraulic Turbines	**Hydraulic Turbines:** Introduction, rotodynamic machines, Pelton turbine, equation for jet and roter size, efficiency, spear valve, reaction turbines, Francis and Kaplan type, head on reaction turbine, basic equation for type, head on reaction turbine, basic equation for rotodynamic machines, similarity law and specified speed, cavitations, characteristic curves.	8	5

Reference Books:

1. K. Subramanya: Flow in Open Channels, Tata McGraw Hills, 2014.
2. V.T. Chow: Open Channel Hydraulics, Blackburn Press, 2009.
3. K. Rang Araju: Open Channel Flow, McGraw Hill Education, 2001.
4. Madan Mohan Das: Open Channel Flow, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2008
5. Grade, R.J and A.G Mirajgaoker, 'Engineering Fluid Mechanics (including Hydraulic Machines), Second Edition, Nem Chand and Bros., Roorkee, 1983.
6. R. K. Bansal, 'Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines', Laxmi Publication, New Delhi 2007.
7. R.K. Rajput, 'Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines', S.Chand Publication, New Delhi 2002.

e-Learning Source:

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105106114/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105107059/6
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105103021/
4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105103096/2

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	2	3
CO2	2	2	3	2	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2	0	1	0	0	3	2	3	1	2	3

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2019-20							
Course Code	CE210	**Title of the Course**	ADVANCE SURVEYING	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	4th	**3**	**1**	**0**	**4**
Pre-Requisite	CE202	**Co-requisite**	Nil				
Course Objectives	• To learn about the principles involved in the advanced surveying instruments. • To learn about the process of establishment of horizontal control points necessary for carrying out survey of the area and also learn about theory of error. • 3. To learn about the techniques of layout: (a) curves in transportation and irrigation engineering (b) building, culvert etc						

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Course Outcomes	
CO1	The students have the ability to prepare a small scale maps.
CO2	The students have the ability to make control points of long observation and to measure them accurately.
CO3	The students have an ability to calculate the errors and correct them by applying different numerical methods.
CO4	The students will be able to make different types of curves used on highways and railway project.
CO5	The students will be able to tell about the general requirements and specifications of various civil engineering projects.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	**Plane Table Surveys**	Plane Table Surveys: Principles, advantages and disadvantages, plane table equipment, Use of Telescopic Alidade and Indian Patterns Tangent Clinometer, different methods of plane table surveying, resection- two and three point problems, Field work in plane table surveying and contouring.	8	1
2	**Trilateration and Triangulation**	Trilateration and Triangulation: Principle of Trilateration, EDM instrument and their uses, reduction of observation, principle and classification of Triangulation system, Triangulation chains, strength of figures, station marks and signals, satellite station, intersected and resected points, Field work- Reconnaissance, intervisibility of station, angular measurement, base line measurement and its extension, adjustment of field observation and computation of coordinates.	8	2
3	**Theory of Errors**	Adjustment Computations: Weighting of observations, treatment of random errors, probability equation, normal law of errors, most probable value and measures of precision, propagation of errors and variances, most probable value, principle of least square, observations and correlative normal equations, adjustment of triangulation figures and level nets.	8	3
4	**Curves**	Curves: Classification of curves, elements of circular, transition and vertical curves, theory and methods of setting out simple, transition and vertical curves, special field problem.	8	4
5	**Project Surveys**	Project Surveys: General requirements and specifications for engineering project surveys, Reconnaissance's, preliminary and locations surveys for highways, railways and canals. Correlation of surface and underground surveys in case of culverts, bridges and tunnels. Principles and practice of hydrographic surveys, Layout of culverts, canals, bridges and buildings. Field Astronomy: Astronomical terms, coordinate systems, spherical trigonometry, Astronomical Triangle, relationship between coordinates	8	5

Reference Books:

1. Agor, R., "Surveying", vol. II & III Khanna Publications, Delhi, 1995.
2. Arora, K. R., "Surveying", vol. II & III Standard Publishing House, Delhi, 1993.
3. Bannister, A. and Baker, R., "Solving Problems in surveying". Longman Scientific Technical, U.K, 1994.
4. Kennie, T.J.M. and Petrie,G., "Engineering Surveying Technology", Blackie & Sons Ltd., London, 1990.

e-Learning Source:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105107158/

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	3	1	2	2	2	0
CO2	2	2	1	2	1	1	0	0	3	2	1	1	2	0
CO3	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	0
CO4	3	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	3	2	1	2	2	0
CO5	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	2	1	2	0

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2015-16							
Course Code CE211	CE211	**Title of the Course**	Concrete Technology	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	4th	**3**	**1**	**0**	**4**
Pre-Requisite	NIL	**Co-requisite**	NIL				
Course Objectives	1. To understand concepts related to Concrete technology which involves types and property of concrete. **2.** To known the procedure & significance of test on concrete and mix design						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	To understand the manufacturing process of cement and its various properties.
CO2	To learn about various types of cement and test on coarse aggregates.
CO3	To learn about various problems arising while concreting and tests performed on fresh and hardened concrete.
CO4	To learn the procedure of the mix design of concrete as per Indian standard.
CO5	To understand about special concretes

Unit No.	**Title of the Unit**	**Content of Unit**	**Contact Hrs.**	**Mapped CO**
1	Introduction of Cement Concrete	Cement: Manufacture of Portland cement, its composition. Hydration of cement, physical and chemical properties, concept of strength development, Gel space ratio, power's Law, Gel structure [4]. Testing of cement for general physical and chemical properties as per BIS specifications.	08	CO1
2	Types of Cement	Different types of cement such as Slag cement, Portland Pozzolana cement and high Alumina cement, their characteristics, composition, use and properties, aggregates and testing of aggregates, classification source, physical and mechanical properties. Testing of aggregates for physical and mechanical properties	08	CO2
3	Tests on Fresh and Hardened Concrete	Proportioning of concrete, operation involved in concrete production. Workability, factors affecting workability, measurement of workability, problem of segregation, bleeding and Laitance, NDT(Rebound hammer, PUNDIT) methods	08	CO3
4	Mix Design	Concrete Mix Design: Principle and methods, Statistical quality control, concrete rheology, maturity concept, IS code method, ACI code method Admixture in concrete: Introduction, functions, classification, and IS specification.	08	CO4
5	Special Concrete	Special Concrete: Light weight concrete. High density concrete. Sulphar Impregnated concrete, polymer concrete, lime concrete, constituents and uses. High Strength Concrete, Fibre Reinforced Concrete	08	CO5

Reference Books:

Gambhir M.L., "Concrete Technology", - Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi.

Shetty M.S, "Concrete Technology, Theory and practices", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.

Spence RJS and Cook DJ- "Building Materials in Developing Countries", John Willey and Sons.

Shetty M.S, "Concrete Technology, Theory and practices", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.

e-Learning Source:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/

https://npetl.ac.in/courses/105104030/

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	0	1	1	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
CO2	3	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
CO3	2	2	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CO4	3	2	3	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
CO5	3	1	0	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2019-20							
Course Code	CE212	**Title of the Course**	Structural Analysis - I	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	4th	**3**	**1**	**0**	**4**
Pre-Requisite	CE204	**Co-requisite**	Nil				
Course Objectives	● To impart knowledge about classification of structures, then they should be able classify structure as well as able to calculate degree of determinacy by knowing its form and end condition. ● To impart concept of truss, then they should be able classify truss as well as able to analyse simple and compound truss for given loads. ● To impart concept of rolling load, then they able to formulate and analyse beams/girder and arches as well as able to draw shear force, bending moment and influence lines diagram for determinate structure. ● To impart concept of arches, so that they should able to classify, analyse and compute bending moment and shear forces for three hinged arches. ● To impart principle of Strain energy, then they should able to know the significances and applications of different strain energy methods. After completing they should able to calculate deflection in determinate structures for given load conditions. ● To impart concept of unsymmetrical bending, then learner should able to analysis unsymmetrical beams by knowing the load pattern.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Learners should be able to classify structure in terms of stability and determinacy. Also able to analyze determinate truss for given load & support conditions.
CO2	Learners should be able to analyze beams/girders subjected to moving load as well as draw the influence lines for reactions, shears, and bending moments by knowing loading conditions.
CO3	Learner should able to analyze and draw the influence lines for reactions, radial shears, normal thrust and bending moments for three hinged arches by knowing its shapes and loading conditions
CO4	Learner should know the principle and significance of strain energy methods as well as able to calculate deflections in statically determinate structures by applying strain energy methods for given loading conditions.
CO5	Learner should able to analysis unsymmetrical beams by knowing the load pattern.

Unit No.	**Title of the Unit**	**Content of Unit**	**Contact Hrs.**	**Mapped CO**
1	**Classification of Structures**	Classification of Structures, Types of structural framework, stress resultants, degrees of freedom per node, Static and Kinematic determinacy for beam trusses and building frames, Type of supports. Classification of Pin jointed determinate trusses, Analysis of determinate plane and space trusses, method of Tension co-efficient.	8	CO1
2	**Rolling Loads**	Rolling loads, influence lines for determinate beams and trusses, Absolute maximum bending moment and shear force, Muller-Breslau's principal & its applications for determinate structures	8	CO2
3	**Arches**	Arches, Types of Arches, Analysis of Arches, Linear arch, Eddy's theorem, Analysis of three hinged arch, spandrel braced arch, moving load & influence lines diagram for three hinged arches.	8	CO3
4	**Strain Energy**	Strain Energy of deformable systems, Maxwell's reciprocal & Betti's theorem, Castigliano's first theorem, unit load methods for determinate structures.	8	CO4
5	**Unsymmetrical Bending**	Unsymmetrical bending, location of neutral axis, computation of stresses and deflection, Shear Centre and its location for common structural section. Bending of curved bars in plane of bending, stresses in bars of small & large initial curvatures.	8	CO5

Reference Books:

Wilbur and Norris, "Elementary Structural Analysis", Tata McGraw Hill.

Reddy, C.S., "Basic Structural Analysis", Tata McGraw Hill.

Jain, O.P. and Jain, B.K., "Theory & Analysis of Structures". Vol. I & II Nem Chand.

Jain, A.K., "Advanced Structural Analysis", Nem Chand & Bors, Roorkee, India 1996.

e-Learning Source:

https://nptel.ac.in/downloads/105101085/

https://nptel.ac.in/downloads/105105109/

https://nptel.ac.in/youtube.com/watch?v=qhEton-EEOw

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105105166/

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	2
CO2	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	2
CO3	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	2
CO4	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	2
CO5	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	2

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2015-16							
Course Code	CE213	**Title of the Course**	Hydraulic & Hydraulic Machines Lab	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2ND	**Semester**	4TH	**0**	**0**	**2**	**1**
Pre-Requisite	NIL	**Co-requisite**	CE209				
Course Objectives	1. Students are expected to hand on experience different hydraulic machine. **2.** Also understand characteristics of flow and hydraulic machines						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Students are able to learn to find the Manning's coefficient of roughness 'n' for the bed of a given flume.
CO2	Students are able to learn to study the velocity distribution in an open channel and to determine the energy and momentum correction factors.
CO3	Students are able to learn the rot dynamic pumps and their characteristics.
CO4	Students are able to calibrate a sharp-crested rectangular and triangular weirs.
CO5	Students are able to learn the characteristics of free hydraulic jump.
CO6	Students are able to learn the flow characteristics over a hump placed in an open channel.
CO7	Students are able to learn the flow through a horizontal contraction in a rectangular channel.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Experiment -1	To determine the Manning's coefficient of roughness 'n' for the bed of a given flume.	**2**	1
2	Experiment-2	To study the velocity distribution in an open channel and to determine the energy and momentum correction factors.	**2**	2
3	Experiment-3	To study the flow characteristics over a hump placed in an open channel.	**2**	3
4	Experiment-4	To study the flow through a horizontal contraction in a rectangular channel.	**2**	4
5	Experiment-5	To calibrate a sharp-crested rectangular and triangular weirs.	**2**	5
6	Experiment-6	To calibrate a broad-crested weir and study the pressure distribution on the upstream face of the weir.	**2**	6
7	Experiment-7	To calibrate a Venturiflume.	**2**	7
8	Experiment-8	To study the characteristics of free hydraulic jump.	**2**	8
9	Experiment-9	To study the flow over a free overfall in an open channel and to determine the end depth.	**2**	9
10	Experiment-10	To study rotodynamic pumps and their characteristics.	**2**	10
11	Experiment-11	To study rotodynamic turbines and their characteristics	**2**	11

Reference Books:

1. Lab manual provided by the department
2. Streeter, V.L. "Fluid Mechanics", Mc Graw-Hill, N.Y, USA.
3. Garde, R.J. "Fluid Mechanics" RPH, Roorkee
4. Jain, A.K. "Mechanics of fluids", Khanna Publisher., Delhi. Additional Learning Source
5. Shames, "Mechanics of fluids" Mc Graw-Hill (Int. St. ed.) Auckland, NZ.

e-Learning Source:

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
CO2	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
CO3	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
CO4	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
CO5	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
CO6	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
CO7	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2015-16							
Course Code	CE214	**Title of the Course**	ADVANCE SURVEY FIELD WORK	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	4th	**0**	**0**	**2**	**1**
Pre-Requisite	NIL	**Co-requisite**	CE210				
Course Objectives	• To apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering to understand the measurement techniques and equipment used in land surveying. • to make student competent enough to, carry out triangulation, topographic mapping, layout of building plans & curves on ground • To use techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice. • To function as a member of a team.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Students are able setting up the plane table and plotting the given area by radiation method.
CO2	Students are able setting up the plane table and plotting the given area by intersection method.
CO3	Students are able to do traversing of the given area by plane table.
CO4	Students are able to solve three point problem by mechanical method.
CO5	Students are able to solve three point problem by graphical method.
CO6	Students are able to solve two point problem.
CO7	Students are able to carry out Triangulation and Trilateration of a given area.
CO8	Students are able to layout a simple circular curve on the ground using tape by perpendicular offset method.
CO9	Students are able to layout a simple circular curve on the ground using tape by radial offset method.
CO10	Students are able to layout a simple circular curve on the ground using two theodolite method.
CO11	Students are able to layout a building on the ground.
CO12	Students are able to plot the details as well as contours (topographic mapping) of area.
CO13	Students are able work on Electronic Total Survey Station.

Unit No.	**Content of Unit**	**Contact Hrs.**	**Mapped CO**
1	Setting up the plane table and plotting the given area by radiation method.	2	1
2	Setting up the plane table and plotting the given area by intersection method.	2	2
3	Traversing of the given area by plane table.	2	3
4	To solve three point problem by mechanical method.	2	4
5	To solve three point problem by graphical method.	2	5
6	To solve two point problem.	2	6
7	To carry out Triangulation and Trilateration of a given area.	2	7
8	Layout a simple circular curve on the ground using tape by perpendicular offset method.	2	8
9	Layout a simple circular curve on the ground using tape by radial offset method.	2	9
10	Layout a simple circular curve on the ground using two theodolite method.	2	10
11	Layout a building on the ground.	2	11
12	To plot the details as well as contours (topographic mapping) of area.	2	12
13	Demonstration and working on Electronic Total Survey Station.	2	13

Reference Books:
Lab Manual Provided by the Department.
Kanetkar, T. P., “Surveying and Levelling” Vol I and II, Pune Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan, Pune, India.
Punmia, B. C., “Surveying Vol I and II” Laxmi Publications, Delhi, India.
e-Learning Source:

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	2	3
CO2	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	3	2	3
CO3	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	2	3
CO4	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	3	2	3
CO5	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	2	3
CO6	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	2	3
CO7	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	3	2	3
CO8	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	3	2	3
CO9	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	2	3
CO10	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	2	3
CO11	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	3	2	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**

Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2015-16							
Course Code	CE215	**Title of the Course**	Concrete Technology Laboratory	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
Year	2nd	**Semester**	4th	0	0	2	1
Pre-Requisite	------	**Co-requisite**	------				
Course Objectives	• To understand the properties of ingredients of concrete. • To study the behavior of concrete in fresh and hardened state.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Able to evaluate the quality of cement for various concrete works.
CO2	Able to evaluate the quality of fine and coarse aggregates for various concrete works.
CO3	Ability to test the properties of fresh and hardened concrete.

Unit No.	**Title of the Experiments**	**Content of Unit**	**Contact Hrs.**	**Mapped CO**
1	Cement	Normal Consistency of cement. Initial & final setting time of cement. Compressive strength of cement. Fineness of cement by air permeability method. Tensile strength.	6	CO1
2	Fine and Coarse Aggregate	Water absorption of aggregate. Sieve Analysis of Aggregate 8. Specific gravity & bulk density. Grading of aggregates. Sieve analysis of sand. Silt content of sand. Bulking of sand.	6	CO2
3	Fresh and Hardened Concrete	Slump Test. Compaction factor test. Vee Bee Consistometer test. Compressive Strength test. Flexural Strength test. Non-Destructive Test (Rebound Hammer and PUNDIT)	6	CO3

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	0	0	0	3	3	1	0	3	3	3	0	3	2	0
CO2	0	0	0	3	3	1	0	3	3	3	0	3	2	0
CO3	0	0	0	3	3	1	0	3	3	3	0	3	2	0

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	**Sign & Seal of HoD**